

The European Archaeologist

The newsletter of EAA members for EAA members

Issue 46 - Autumn 2015

In this issue

Editorial	3
EAA Matters	4
Annual Report: minutes of the AMBM in Glasgow, 4 th September 2015	4
1. Opening and welcome	
2. Minutes of the ABM in Istanbul	4
3. Matters arising from the Minutes	
3.1. Responses to the Evaluation Report; discussion	4
4. Annual Report	5
4. Annual Report	7
6. Membership fee level for the next year	11
7. Oscar Montelius Foundation report	
8. European Journal of Archaeology Progress Report	
9. THEMES monographs	
10. TEA - The European Archaeologist report	
11. Reports from the Working Parties, Committees and Round Tables	12
12. Election results	
12.1. Report of the Nomination Committee; discussion	
13. New appointments	
14. Welcome to the new Board and Committee Members and thanks to the outgoing Board a	
Committee Members	
15. Location of future Annual Meetings	
16. Announcement of the next Annual Meeting	
17. Any Other Business	
EAA Presidential Lunch (Glasgow 2015)	
Proposal for an EAA working party on archaeology and the EU Environmental Impact Assessi	
Directive	
The 22nd Annual Meeting of the European Association of Archaeologists (EAA)	19
Themes	20
Excursions	21
Accommodation	
More information	22
Debate	24
History, archaeology and source-studies. A letter from a subject matter to a researcher	

Published by the European Association of Archaeologists, c/o Institute of Archaeology CAS, Letenská 4, 11801 Praha 1, Czech Republic

Tel./Fax: +420 257014411, administrator@e-a-a.org. ISSN 1022-0135

Editors: Katharina Rebay-Salisbury and Roderick B. Salisbury ($\underline{tea@e-a-a.org})$

EAA Administrator: Sylvie Květinová (administrator@e-a-a.org)

The European Archaeologist - Issue 46 Autumn 2015

Announcements	26
British Archaeological Reports	
Open to all archaeologists: the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists 2016 Annual conference a	and
training event	
The Lloyd Cotsen Prize for Lifetime Achievement in World Archaeology	
ICAANE. 10th International Congress on the Archaeology of the Ancient Near East	28
VIII Young Researchers in Archaeology Conference (JIA 2015)	30
II International CUBETO Youth Forum - Cultural Heritage behind Tourism Young actions to preserve cultural heritage using the Tourism	30
Conservation, Restoration and Management of Archaeological Sites Second International YOCOCU School in Agsu Agsu, 5-9 October 2015	31
International Workshop 'Green Conservation of Cultural Heritage'	32
EAA Working Parties	33
Working Group of Public Archaeology (Glasgow 2015)	
Committee on the Teaching and Training of Archaeologists practical skills training survey	
EAA Annual Meeting Roundtable and Session Reports	35
Round Table: Political Strategies for the EAA? (Glasgow 2015)	
Roundtable: Archaeology at a Rural Crossroads (Glasgow 2015)	
Phoenician maritime pioneering and Punic expansion: reconstructing trade and dietary patterns (EAA Istanbul 2014)	38
Battlefield Archaeology: Exploring the Materialities of Conflict (EAA Glasgow 2015)	
Sustainable practices in Archaeology (EAA Glasgow 2015)	
Free videos of conference sessions	43
Conference and Workshop Reports	43
Craft and production in the European Iron Age	
From our correspondents: Greece	
Exhibitions	
Samothrace: The mysteries of the Great Gods	
Rhodes: a Greek Island at the gateway to the East 15th - 5th century BC	
Conferences	
Samothrace	
Paros	
Conservation, enhancement, excavation and research projects	
The conservation of the Winged Victory of Samothrace	
Delos-Mykonos: Re-tracing the network of monuments and museums of an international tour destination	
The Gavdos project. An island culture on the Cretan and Aegean fringe	
New journal publication	
• •	
From our correspondents: Russia	
NEENAWA: Network in Eastern European Neolithic and Wetland Archaeology: first steps	
Archaeological collections of Eurasia in The State Hermitage museum	
Forthcoming conferences	
Archaeology of Eastern European forest-steppe	71
XXIX "Krupnov readings" international conference "Investigation and conservation of	
archaeological heritage of Caucasus"	72
ArchaeoCakes	73
The Story of England	

Conferences

Samothrace

On the 21st of June 2015, the Acropolis Museum and its president, Dimitris Pantermalis, organized a one-day scientific meeting entitled '*Recent Archaeological Research on Samothrace*'. Several important papers were presented, on various aspects of the research on the island:

- Dimitris Matsas (Honorary Ephor of Antiquities), 'Pre- and proto-historic Samothrace' (in Greek)
- Bonna Wescoat (Greek Art and Archaeology, Emory University, Atlanta, Director of the Programme of the American School of classic Studies in Athens), 'Recent American Research in the Sanctuary of the Great Gods on Samothrace'
- Antikleia Moundrea-Agrafioti (Department of Anthropological and Social Sciences, Section of History, Archaeology and Social Anthropology, University of Thessaly), 'Mikro Vouni and the obsidian network in the NE Aegean' (in Greek)
- Olga Palangia (Department of History and Archaeology, School of Philosophy, University of Athens), 'The Northern pediment of the so-called Hieron of Samothrace' (in Greek)
- Laura Gadbery (Institutional Giving Officer at Historic New England), 'Unravelling the Mysteries
 of the Samothracian Mint'
- Brian Rose (University of Pennsylvania, Director of the Gordion Archaeological Project) 'The West Sanctuary at Troy and its Samothracian connections'
- Chrysa Karadima (Ephor of Antiquities of Rhodope), 'The ceramic workshops of Samothrace' (in Greek)
- Ludovic Laugier (conservateur du patrimoine, Institut National du Patrimoine, Paris) 'The conservation of the Winged Victory of Samothrace: new presentation and new data'
- Kevin Clinton (Cornell Emeritus Professor), 'The function of the "Hieron".

Paros

by Dora Katsonopoulou (The Institute for Archaeology of Paros and the Cyclades), translated from Greek by C. Marangou

The *Fourth International Conference on the Archaeology of Paros and the Cyclades: Paros and its Colonies (Paros IV)* took place from the 11th to the 14th of June 2015 in Paroikia, Paros. It was organized by the Institute for Archaeology of Paros and the Cyclades, under the initiative and responsibility of its President, Prof. Dora Katsonopoulou. *Paros IV* belongs to the *Paros* series of international scientific conferences, organized every 4 or 5 years in Paros, in collaboration with the Paros Municipality and the Cultural Association *Archilochos*, with the objectives of the internationalization and promotion of the important cultural heritage of Paros and the Cyclades. Entitled this year *Paros and its Colonies*, it was dedicated to Paros and the ancient colonies that the island founded in antiquity, already at the end of the 8th or beginning of the 7th c. BC.

During seven sessions, forty archaeologists and specialists of antiquity presented papers focusing on the central thematic fields of the conference:

- *Paros*, the metropolis,
- Thasos, the colony in the North Aegean,
- Pharos, the colony in the Adriatic (now Stari Grad on the island of Hvar in Croatia) and
- *Parion*, the colony in the Propontis (now Canakkale in Turkey).

Described as 'four conferences in one' (Prof. Arthur Muller, excavating in Thasos), this meeting assembled for the first time in the metropolis archaeologists working in all three colonies, who presented results of their excavations and research. A multitude of new finds was made known, not only to archaeologists, but also to the wider Parian public. Papers covered many subjects, such as the archaeology of Paros and its colonies, history and historic personalities, pottery, sculpture, architecture, numismatics, epigraphy, metal-working, sanctuaries and worship, ancient techniques of marble quarrying in Paros and Thasos, as well as contemporary applications of technology in the field of archaeology.

The archaeological team from Parion in Propontis, directed by Ass. Prof. Vedat Keles, presented still unknown finds from the recent excavations. Of particular interest were finds dating from about the beginning of the colony around 710 or 708 BC. Parion was settled after its foundation by the Parians till the 13th c. A.D and gained great importance because of its geopolitical location since 133 BC, when it was annexed to the Roman republic. The ancient city contained masterpieces by well-known sculptors; during the Roman period it was a visitors' destination because of its artistic heritage.





Figs. 1 and 2: D. Katsonopoulou and the archaeological team of the Parion excavations (left), and Presentation by D. Katsonopoulou (right). (Photographs provided by D. Katsonopoulou).

New information about the most well known colony, Thasos, was presented by the team of the French Archaeological School and the archaeologists of the Kavala Ephorate of Antiquities. Presented papers referred not only to the oldest phases with the establishment of the colony, under the settler Telesikles, father of the famous Parian poet Archilochos, in the beginning of the 7th c. BC (680-670 BC), and to the second colonial campaign around the middle of the 7th c., with the participation of Archilochos himself, but also to the following settlement development of the city. One of the sessions of the Thasos section was dedicated exclusively to the important worship of the Thasos divinities and their ties with Paros.

The archaeological team from Croatia presented, for the first time, the most recent unknown finds from the third colony of Paros, Pharos, which was founded in 385/384 BC on the island of Hvar. The excavations, started in the 1980's and continuing till recently, have uncovered a part of the Greek city which evolved in the plain of Stari Grad, as well as cemeteries and a segment of its fortification -walls and towers-, while in the latest years research has focused to the study of the urban planning of the ancient city, which coincides with the arrival of the Parian colonists in the 4th c. BC.

In commemoration of the 2400 years from the foundation of Pharos, a marble stele with texts both in Greek and in Croatian (under the care of Prof. Dora Katsonopoulou and Dr. Branko Kirigin, director of the Pharos excavations), was inaugurated by the Mayors of Paros and Stari Grad, in presence of the Croatian ambassador. A second similar stele will be placed in Stari Grad, as a present of Paros, the metropolis, to the colony of Pharos, during the ceremonies to be celebrated in 2016 for the commemoration of the 2400 years anniversary.



Fig. 3: Inauguration of the commemorative stele Paros-Pharos (Photograph provided by D. Katsonopoulou).

The recent results from the excavation and study of the last decades in the metropolis were presented on the first day (11th of June) by the archaeologists of the Ephorate of Antiquities of the Cyclades and the Institute for the Archaeology of Paros and the Cyclades.

The Conference Proceedings will be published in 2016 in the series *Paros* of the Institute for the Archaeology of Paros and the Cyclades, with the title '*Paros and its Colonies*', vol. Paros IV, edited by Dora Katsonopoulou.





Figs 4 and 5: Visits of the participants to the Geometric (8th c. BC) cemetery in Paroikia (left) and to the ancient Parian marble quarries (right). (Photographs provided by D. Katsonopoulou).

Programme:

https://www.academia.edu/12637514/Paros and its Colonies Fourth International Conference on the Archaeology of Paros and the Cyclades